

Chronology of the Old Testament

P R E H I S T 0 R Y	<p>The Creation</p> <p>Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden</p> <p>Cain and Abel</p> <p>Noah and the Flood</p> <p>The Tower of Babel</p>
2200 BC	<p>Abraham – 2166-1991 BC (Gen. 21: 5; Gen. 25: 7)</p> <p>Isaac – 2066-1886 BC (Gen. 25: 26; Gen. 35: 28)</p> <p>Jacob and Esau – 2006-1859 BC (Gen. 47: 28; Gen. 47: 9)</p> <p>Joseph – 1915-1805 BC (Gen. 50: 22; 26) – he came to Egypt in 1898 BC (Gen. 37: 2; 36), probably in the reign of Khakheperre Senusret II – 1897-1878 BC or his father Amenemhat II (1929-1895 BC) – 12th Dynasty.</p>
1900 BC	<p>Migration of the sons of Jacob with their families to Egypt: 1876 BC (Ex. 12: 40-41; Gal. 3: 17; Gen. 46: 26-27; Ex. 1: 5; Gen. 41: 46; 53; Gen. 45: 6).</p> <p>The Israelites are enslaved in Egypt: 1580 or 1550 BC – Ex. 1: 8: Ahmose I – 17th Egyptian dynasty</p> <p>Birth of Moses: 1526 BC (Ex. 7: 7)</p> <p>Departure of the Israelites from Egypt: 1446 BC (1 Kin. 6: 1; Ex. 12: 40-41) – Thutmose III, also called Tuthmosis or Thothmes (1479-1425 BC, of the 18th dynasty).</p> <p>Wandering in the wilderness: 1446-1406 BC</p>
1400 BC	<p>Entry into Canaan: 1406 BC</p> <p>Conquest of Canaan: 1406-1375 BC</p> <p>Death of Joshua: 1375 BC, 110 years old (Josh. 24: 29; Judg. 2: 8)</p> <p>Beginning of the period of the Judges: 1375 BC</p>

1100 BC	Saul's reign – 1050-1010 BC David's reign – 1010-970 BC Solomon's reign – 970-931 BC
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The divided kingdom

	Judah (south)	Prophets	Israel (North)
	South	North	
950 BC	Rehoboam (931-914 BC) Abijah (914-911 BC) Asa (911-870 BC)		Jeroboam I (931-910 BC) Nadab (910-909 BC)
900 BC	Jehoshaphat (870-845 BC)	Elijah 875-848 BC	Baasha (909-886 BC) Elah (886-885 BC) Zimri (885 BC) Omri (885-874 BC) Ahab (874-853 BC) Ahaziah (853-852 BC)
850 BC	Jehoram (848-841 BC) Ahaziah (841 BC) Athaliah (841-835 BC) Joash (835-796 BC)	Elisha 848-797 BC Joel?	Jehoram or Joram (852-841 BC) Jehu (841-814 BC) Jehoahaz (814-798 BC)
800 BC	Amaziah (796-781 BC) Uzziah (781-740 BC)	Isaiah 740-681 BC Jonah 785-750 Amos 760-750 Hosea 755-715	Jehoash (798-782 BC) Jeroboam II (782-753 BC)

750 BC	Jotham (740-732 BC)	Micah 742-687 Joel?		Zechariah (753-752 BC) Shallum (752 BC) Menahem (752-742 BC) Pekahiah (742-740 BC) Pekah (740-732 BC) Hoshea (732-723 BC)
	Ahaz (732- 716 BC)			Fall of Samaria 722 BC
	Hezekiah (716-687 BC)			

Last Years of the Kingdom of Judah

	Kings	Prophets
700 BC	Manasseh (687-642 BC)	Nahum (663-612 BC)
650 BC	Ammon (642-640 BC) Josiah (640-609 BC) Jehoahaz (609 BC) Jehoiakim (609-598 BC)	Zephaniah (640-621 BC) Jeremiah (626-585BC) Habakkuk (610-597 BC) Obadiah (605-583 BC) Daniel (605-536 BC)
600 BC	Jehoiachin (598 BC) Zedekiah (598-587 BC) Fall of Jerusalem (July 587 or 586 BC) Inhabitants of Judah taken to Babylon - 587-586 BC	Ezekiel (592-571 BC)
550 BC	Beginning of Persian rule – 539 BC Cyrus the Persian emperor ordered the return of the Jews – 538 BC (1 st return of the exiles). Beginning of the rebuilding of the temple – 520 BC; conclusion 516 BC 2 nd return to Jerusalem (Ezra) 458 BC Rebuilding of the walls of Jerusalem 445 BC (3 rd return: Nehemiah)	Haggai and Zechariah (520-480 BC) Malachi (450-400 BC)

Chronology of the Intertestamental period

400 BC	Alexander the Great rules Palestine; Macedonian dominion – 333-323 BC Dominion of the Ptolemies on Palestine – 323-198 BC
200 BC	Dominion of the Seleucids on Palestine – 198-167 BC. Revolt of Judah Maccabee and dominion of Judas' family and his descendants, the Hasmonean on Palestine – 167-63 BC. Conquest of Jerusalem by Pompey, Roman general, annexing Palestine to the Roman Empire – 63 BC. Reign of Herod the Great, on Palestine, appointed by Rome – 37-4 BC.

Chronology of the New Testament

The chronological references in the New Testament may be given only as approximate, both to the references to the life of Jesus as the period of the apostles. Regarding the birth of Jesus (6 BC), for example, one can only say, based on Matthew 2: 1 (Luke 1: 5), that it occurred during the reign of Herod the Great, who died in 4 BC, while His crucifixion occurred during a Passover celebration in the government of Pontius Pilate (26-30 AD). Regarding the time of the apostles, one can specify with any certainty the year of the death of Herod Agrippa I as being in 44 AD (Acts 12: 20-23), while the remaining dates are approximated.

The life of Jesus

Date	Roman Emperors	Governors and kings of Judea	Events of the New Testament
1 AD	Augustus (29 BC-14 AD) Tiberius (14-37 AD)	Herod the Great (37 BC-4 BC) Archelaus (4 BC-6 AD) Pontius Pilate (26-36 AD) was governor of Judea and Herod Antipas, the Tetrarch of Galilee (6-41 AD)	Birth of Jesus (6 BC) Beginning of Jesus' Ministry – 26-27 AD Death and Resurrection of Jesus – 30 AD

The period of the apostles

30 AD	Caligula (Gaius) – 37-41 AD		Day of Pentecost – 30 AD Conversion of Paul – 35 AD
40 AD	Claudius 41-54 AD	Herod Agrippa I – 41-44 AD (nephew of Herod Antipas and father of Agrippa, Bernice and Drusilla, who married Festus) Sergius Paulus, proconsul 47 AD	Start date of Paul's ministry (45 AD) Death of James son of Zebedee (44 AD) Death of Herod Agrippa I – 44 AD Famine in the days of Claudius – 46 AD First missionary journey of Paul – 46-48 AD Edict of Claudius – 49 or 50 AD*
50 AD	Nero 54-68 AD	Felix – 52-60 AD	Conference in Jerusalem 50-51 AD Paul's second missionary journey – 50-53 AD Paul in Corinth – 50-52 AD Paul's third missionary journey – 53-57 AD Paul in Ephesus – 54-57 AD Paul arrested in Jerusalem – 58 AD Paul in prison in Caesarea – 58-60 AD
60 AD	Galba – 68-69 AD Otto – 69 AD Vitellius – 69 AD	Porcius Festus – 60-62 AD	Paul in prison in Rome – 61-63 AD Death of Paul in Rome – 63 AD Death of Peter in Rome – 65-68 AD?
70 AD	Vespasian – 69-79 AD Titus – 79-81 AD		Destruction of Jerusalem and the Temple – 70 AD

	Domitian – 81-96 AD Nerva – 96-98 AD Trajan – 98-117 AD		Death of John – 100 or 103 AD?
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* Edict of Claudius – 49 or 50 AD = Jews were expelled from Rome



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